

REGISTRATION NUMBER									
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SRINIX COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

INTERNAL EXAMINATION-2019

Sub-SA-I Semester-4TH Branch-CIVIL

Full Mark-50 Time-2.00 Hrs

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS (PART-A)

[2X10=20]

- 1. Name any four methods used for computation of deflections in structures.
- 2. State Maxwell's theorem of reciprocal deflection.
- 3. State the formula to find the normal thrust of a three hinged arch at any section. Draw a figure to show the value.
- 4. Differentiate the statically determinate structures and statically indeterminate structures?
- 5. Draw the influence line diagram for shear force at a point X in a Simply supported beam AB of span '1' m.
- 6. What are the uses of influence line diagram?
- 7. Distinguish between two hinged and three hinged arches.
- 8. Explain Betties Law?
- 9. Difference between cantilever and propped cantilever beam?
- 10. Show a suspension cable with different level?

ANSWER ANY THREEE QUESTIONS (PART-B)

[6X3=18]

- 1. Explain strain energy method?
- 2. A fixed beam of span 5m carries uniformly distributed load of 6KN/M throughout The span. Analyze the beam by applying three moment theorem.
- 3. A 3-hinged arch has a span of 30m and a rise of 10m. The arch carries UDL of 0.6 kN/m on the left half of the span. It also carries 2 concentrated loads of 1.6 KN and 1 KN at 5 m and 10 m from the 'right' end. Determine the reactions at the support.
- 4. Derive the expression for the horizontal thrust in a three hinged parabolic arch carrying UDL over entire span.

ANSWER ANY ONE QUESTION (PART-C)

[12X1)

- 1. A plane truss, ABCD is square shaped having length of each side as 4m. The truss has five members, including the diagonal member, AC. In the horizontal member, AD, the end A is hinged the end D is roller Supported. The top horizontal member, BC is applied with a vertical point load of 3 KN at point C. Calculate the vertical deflection at point C. Each member has uniform c/s of 250 sq mm. E = 2 x 105 N/sq mm.
- 2. A three hinged parabolic arch of span 20 m has its crown 9 m high from the left support and 4 m higher than the right support. The crown of the arch is at a horizontal distance of 12 m from the left support and 8 m from the right support. The arch is subjected to a uniformly distributed load of 3 kN/m over a length of 14 m from the right support. Find the horizontal thrust and bending moment at a horizontal distance of 4 m from the right support.