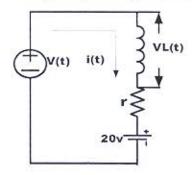
- g) A unity feedback system has an open loop transfer function  $G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+a)^2}$ . Determine the values of K and 'a' for which the gain margin is 9.54dB and the phase crossover frequency is 3 rad/sec.
- h) State the condition of BIBO stability and derive its expression?
- i) x (K + 2)x + (2K + 5)x = 0 . Find the value of K for which system is stable, unstable and Limited stable . For stable case for what a value of K is the system is under damped and over damped.
- j) Derive the generalised error coefficient?
- k) Using Nyquist criterion determine the stability of the system  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{10(s+3)}{s(s-1)}$
- I) An integral controller is used for temperature control within a range 40-60° C. The set point is 48°C. The controller output is initially 12% when the error is zero. The integral constant K<sub>i</sub>=-0.2% controller output/sec/% error. If the temperature increases 54°C, Calculate the controller output after 2sec for a constant error.

## Part-III

Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

- Sketch the nquist plot for the system with open loop transfer function (16)  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(1+0.5s)(s+1)}{(1+10s)(s-1)}.$  Determine the range of K for system is stable.
- Q4 Sketch the Root Locus of the system whose transfer function is given (16)  $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+4)}$ 
  - a) What is the value of K which will produce sustained oscillation and Find the range of K for which the system is stable?
  - b) What is the value of K for which the system is critically damped?
  - c) For K=8, find  $\xi$ ,  $\omega_{_{R}}$ ,  $t_{_{s}}$ ,  $e_{_{ss}}$  and peak overshoot and closed loop transfer function.
  - d) Find the range of K for which the system response is under damped or system shows damped oscillatory response.
- Q5 Find the transfer function  $\frac{V_t(s)}{V(s)}$  for the electrical network which contain nonlinear (16)

resistor whose voltage current relationship is defined by  $i_r = 2e^{0.1V_r}$ , where  $i_r$  and  $V_r$  are the resistor current and voltage respectively. Also V (t) is a small signal source.



Q6 For a first order time delay process how can you determine the PID controller (16) parameters using Zeigler-Nichols method? Explain with examples.