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Total Number of Pages : 03

B.Tech  
REE3C002

3<sup>rd</sup> Semester Regular Examination 2019-20  
NETWORK THEORY  
BRANCH : AEIE, EEE, EIE, ELECTRICAL  
Max Marks : 100  
Time : 3 Hours  
Q.CODE : HR881

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any EIGHT from Part-II and any TWO from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Part-I

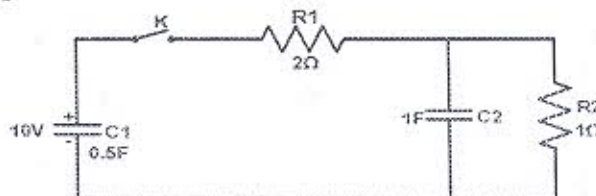
Q1 Only Short Answer Type Questions (Answer All-10) (2 x 10)

- Define compensation theorem?
- Define coefficient of coupling and its physical significance?
- Two coupled coils with  $L_1 = 0.6 = L_2$  have a coefficient of coupling  $K=0.8$ . What is the the turn ratio  $\frac{N_1}{N_2}$  ?
- Prove that resonant frequency is the geometric mean of the two half power frequencies?
- Why dot convention is used?
- Usual notation, a 2-port network satisfies the condition  $A=D=1.5B=4/3 C$ . What is the value of  $Z_{11}$  of the network ?
- What is the relation between resonant frequency and quality factor?
- A first order linear system is initially relaxed . For a unit step signal  $u(t)$  , the response is  $v(t)= (1-e^{-3t})$  for  $t>0$ . If a signal  $3u(t)+\delta(t)$  is applied to the same initially relaxed system what will be the response ?
- For the function  $L[f(t)]=\frac{3s+1}{s(s^2+4s+5)}$ , What is the value of  $\frac{df}{dt}$  at  $t=0+$  .
- An initially relaxed RC-series network with  $R=2M \Omega$  and  $c=1\mu F$  is switched on to a 10V step input. What is the Voltage across the capacitor after 2 seconds?

Part-II

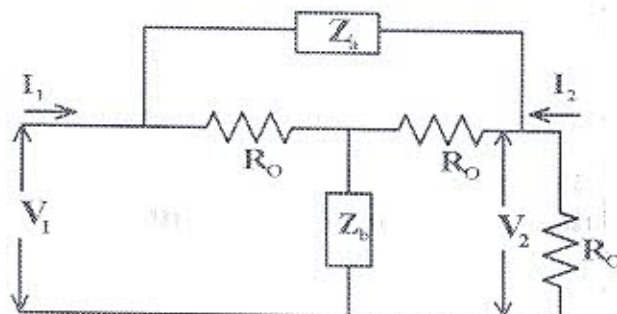
Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)

- A two-port network has the following parameters:  $Z_{22} = 40\Omega$ ,  $Z_{11} = 30\Omega$ ,  $Y_{22} = 0.05 S$ . Calculate the ABCD parameters of the network.
- For a series RLC circuit with  $R=2 \text{ ohm}$ ,  $L=1\text{mH}$  and  $C=0.4\mu F$  and a supply voltage  $v(t)=20 \sin \omega t$ , find:(a) the resonant frequency  $\omega_o$ , (b) The half power frequencies , (c) The quality factor and bandwidth, (d) The amplitude of the current at  $\omega_o$ .
- The unit impulse response of current of a circuit having  $R=1\Omega$  &  $C = 1F$  in series is given by  $[\delta(t)-\exp(-t)u(t)]$ . Find the current expression when the circuit is driven by the voltage given as  $[1-\exp(-2t)] u(t)$ .
- In the given network capacitor  $C_1$  is charged to 10 volts in the polarity shown. Capacitor  $C_2$  is initially uncharged. At time  $t=0$ , switch K is closed. Using Thevenin's theorem find the current in resistor  $R_2$ .

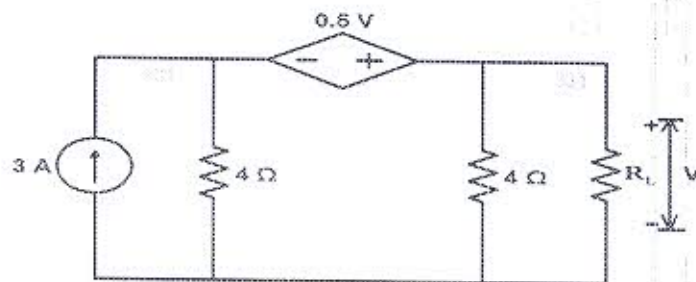


- e) The network equation for two port network give the current  $I_1$  and  $I_2$  at the two ports as  

$$I_1 = 0.25V_1 - 0.2V_2 \text{ and } I_2 = -0.2V_1 + 0.1V_2$$
 Determine the ABCD parameters for the Network and hence write the network equation.
- f) A coil having a resistance of  $50\Omega$  and inductance  $10\text{mH}$  is connected in series with a capacitor and is supplied at constant voltage and variable frequency source. The maximum current is  $1\text{A}$  at  $750\text{Hz}$ . Determine the bandwidth and half power frequencies.
- g) A sinusoidal voltage  $25\sin 10t$  is applied at a time  $t=0$  to a series RL circuit comprising resistor  $R=5\Omega$  and inductor  $L=1\text{H}$ . By the method of Laplace transformation, find current  $i(t)$ . Assume zero current through inductor before application of voltage.
- h) Show that with  $Z_a Z_b = R_o^2$  in the bridge T network of the accompanying figure,  $\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{Z_a}{R_o}}$ .



- i) What will be the value of  $R_L$  to get maximum power delivered to it? What is the value of this power?



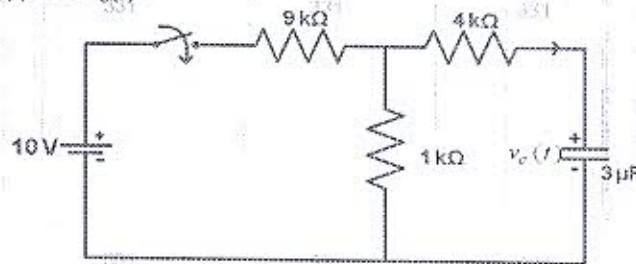
- j) A series connected circuit has  $R=4\text{ ohm}$ ,  $L=25\text{mH}$ . (a) Calculate the value of  $C$  that will produce a quality factor of  $50$  and  $\text{BW}$ . (b) Determine the average power dissipated. Take  $V_m=100\text{ V}$ .
- k) The response of a network to an impulse is  $h(t)=0.18(e^{-0.32t} - e^{-2.1t})$ . Find the response of the network to a step function using convolution theorem.
- l) A coil of inductance  $L$  and resistance  $R$ , in series with a capacitor is supplied at a constant voltage from a variable frequency source. Find the values of that frequency, in terms of  $R$ ,  $L$  and  $\omega_0$  at which the circuit current would be half as much as at resonance.

Part-III

Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

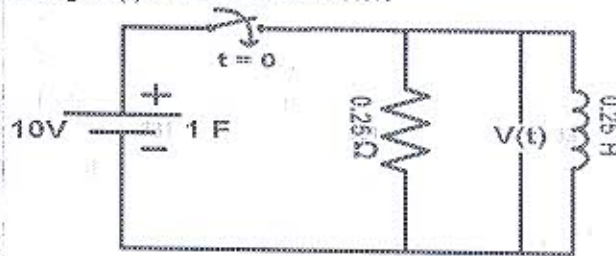
Q3

In the network shown in figure, the switch closes at  $t=0$ . The capacitor is initially uncharged find the  $v_c(t)$  and  $i_c(t)$ . (16)



Q4

In the circuit shown in figure, capacitor C has initial voltage  $V_c = 10V$  and at the same instant, current through the inductor is zero, the switch K is closed at time  $t=0$ . Find the expression for the voltage  $v(t)$  across the inductor. (16)



Q5

A network has two output terminals. A open circuit voltage at these terminals is 260 Volt and current flowing through the terminal is 20A when the terminals are short circuited. Also, the current is 13A when a coil of  $11\Omega$  reactance and negligible resistance is connected across the terminals. Find the impedance components of the equivalent circuit feeding the terminals. What value of load impedance will give maximum power transfer and what is the value of power. (16)

Q6

In the network shown in figure, the switch is changed from the position 1 to the position 2 at  $t=0$ , steady condition having reached before switching. Find the values of  $i$ ,  $\frac{di}{dt}$  and  $\frac{d^2i}{dt^2}$  at  $t=0^+$ . (16)

